



Production of weaners with different levels of zinc oxide - A register based study from Denmark.

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Publication date:
2019

Document version
Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

Document license:
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Citation for published version (APA):
Kruse, A. B. (2019). *Production of weaners with different levels of zinc oxide - A register based study from Denmark..* Poster session presented at Zero Zinc Summit 2019, Copenhagen, Denmark.



Production of weaners with different levels of zinc oxide - A register based study from Denmark

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Objective

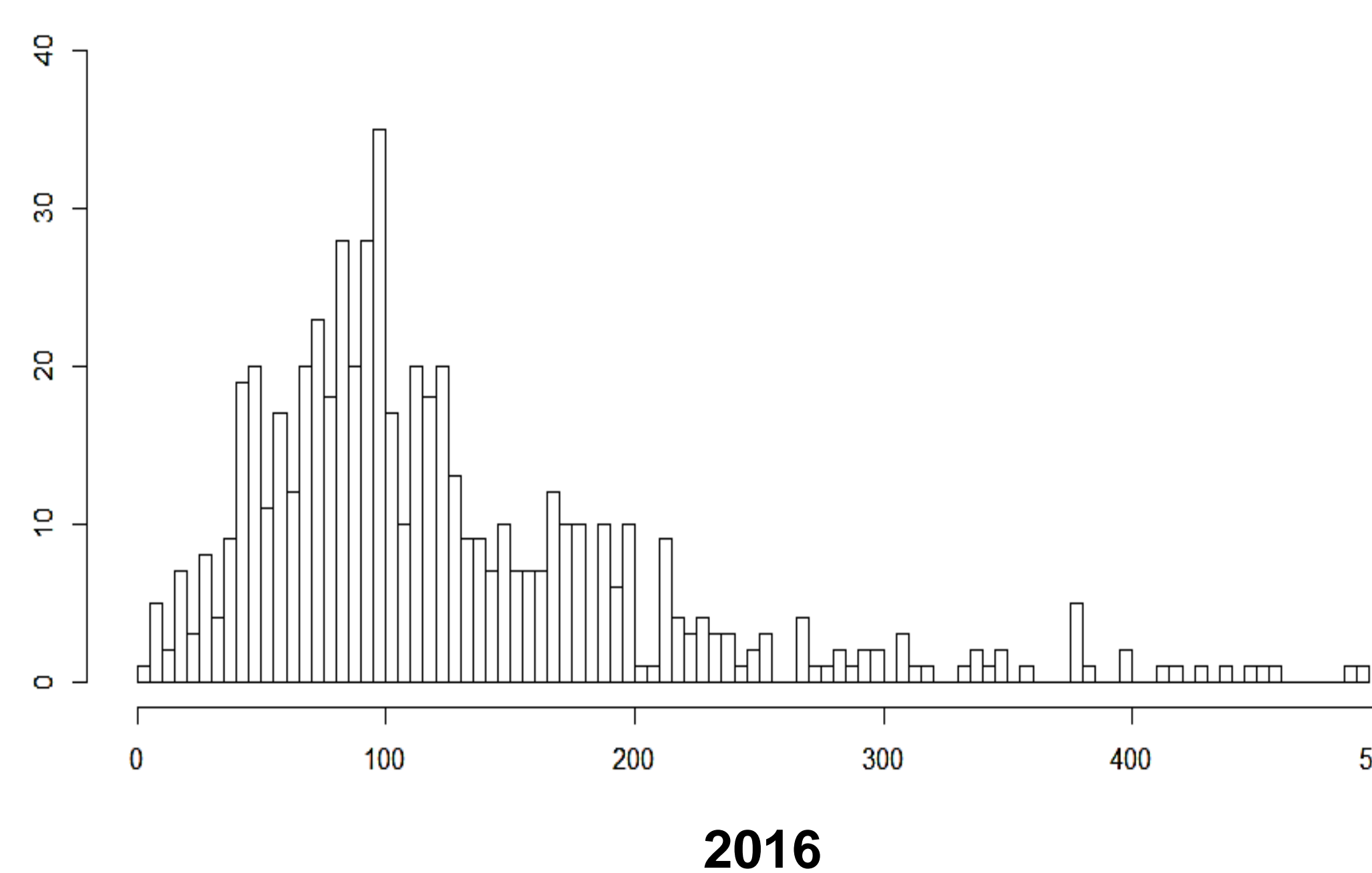
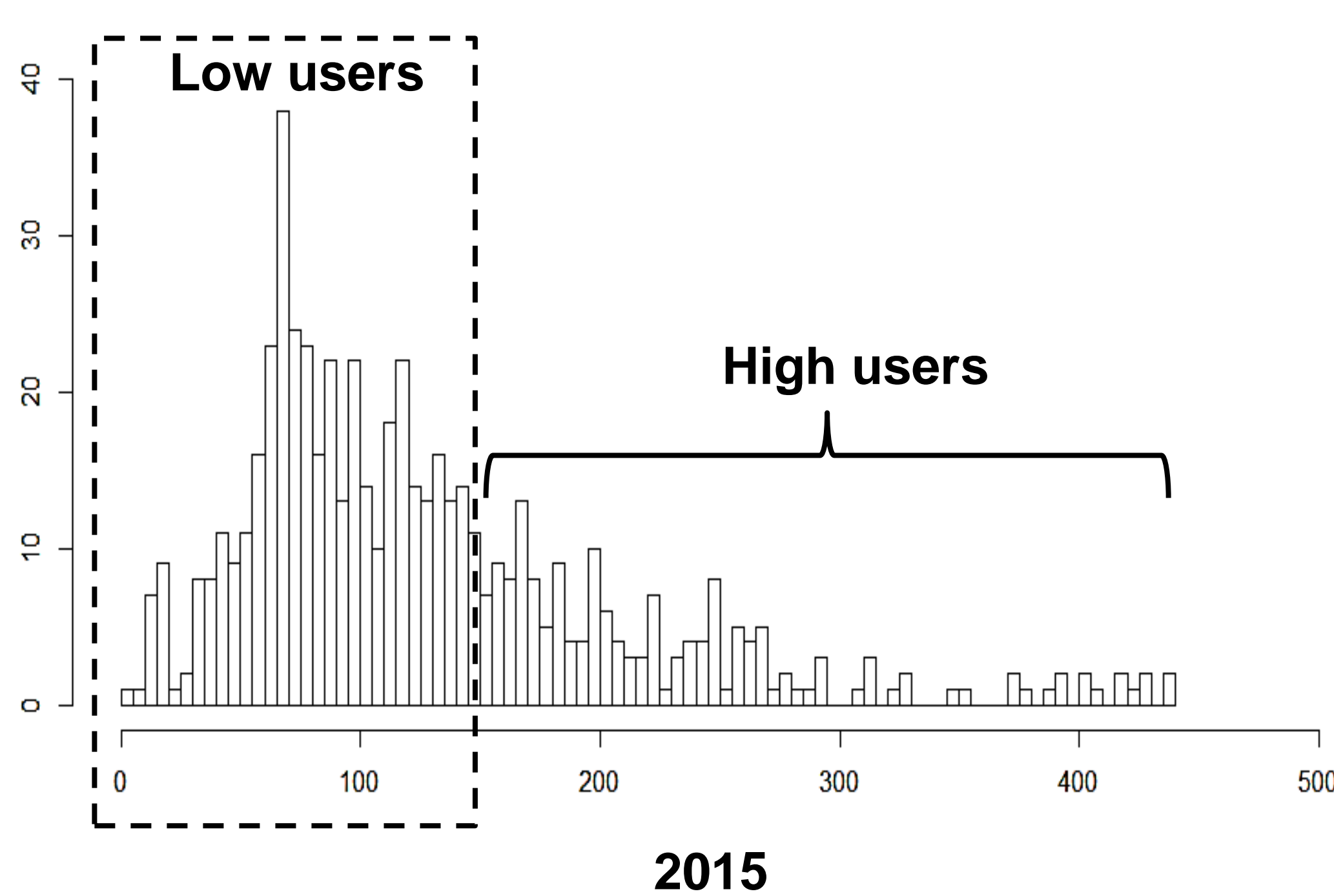
- Describe prescription patterns and herd characteristics of Danish weaner herds with use of different levels of zinc oxide

Materials: Data from 2015-2016

- Danish sow herds with more than 200 sows per year and minimum 200 weaner pen places
- Herd-level prescription of antimicrobials, vaccines and zinc oxide extracted from **VetStat**
- Information regarding herd type and number of animals extracted from **CHR**

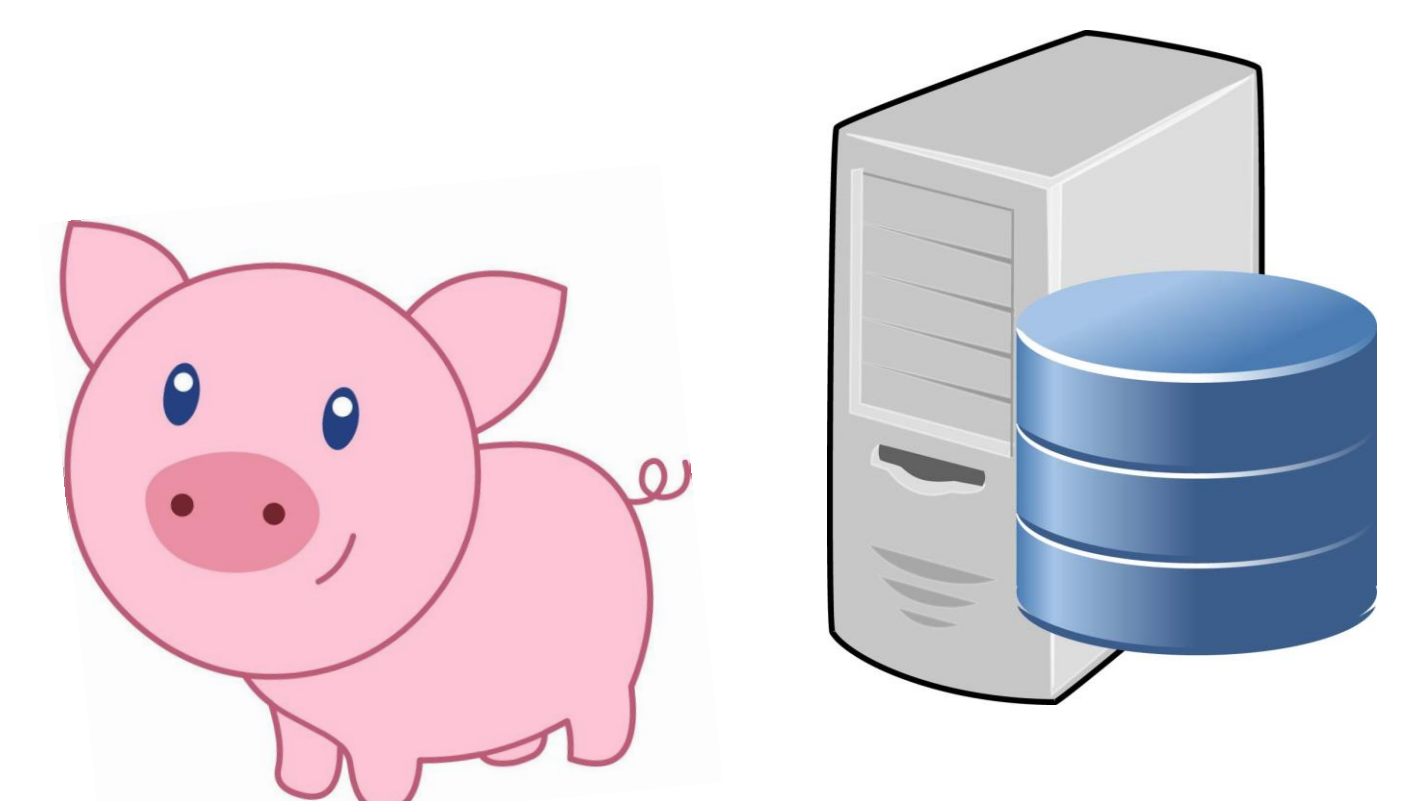
Method: Herds with high and low use of zinc oxide

- Sow herds with weaners in 2015 and 2016 have different levels of zinc oxide:



VetStat: The Danish Veterinary Medicines Statistics Program covers sales of veterinary prescription medicine for all pig herds in Denmark

CHR: The Central Husbandry Register covers herd-level information about number of animals, type of herd and geographical location.



Use of zinc oxide
(gram ZnO per weaner pen place)

- Differences in antimicrobial use and zinc oxide between 2015 and 2016 were calculated for each herd
- Comparing two groups: Low users (N=410) and High users (N=160) in 2015

Preliminary results

- Herds with high use of zinc oxide were herds with more sows, but fewer weaners than herds with lower use of zinc oxide ($P < 0.05$)
 - A **large decrease** in the use of zinc oxide between 2015 and 2016 were seen for herds with high use of zinc oxide
 - A **small increase** in the use of zinc oxide between 2015 and 2016 were seen for herds with lower use of zinc oxide
- Vaccines: Use of vaccine against *Lawsonia intracellularis* were related to a higher use of zinc oxide ($P = 0.1$)
- The use of zinc oxide did not seem to be associated with the current **antimicrobial use** or change in antimicrobial use
 - However, important factors like feed and management were not taken into account in this study

